

Battery chemistry and technology roadmaps

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Battery chemistry trends

The automotive industry is converging around 3 types of battery solutions, but significant divergence occurs between OEMs on specific solutions

Diversified Cathode Approach

IRON BASED
LONG CYCLE LIFE

NICKEL + MANGANESE
LONG RANGE

HIGH NICKEL
MASS SENSITIVE

TESLA LIVE

THE INTELLIGENCE OF THE BATTERY CELL IS INSIDE

VOLKSWAGEN
ARTIGESELLSCHAFT

ENTRY
IRON PHOSPHATE

VOLUME
HIGH MANGANESE

SPECIFIC SOLUTIONS
NICKEL MANGANESE COBALT

SOLID STATE

ENTRY LEVEL LOW COST

LFP	Na-ion	Mn-rich	Na-Ni-Cl	NFA
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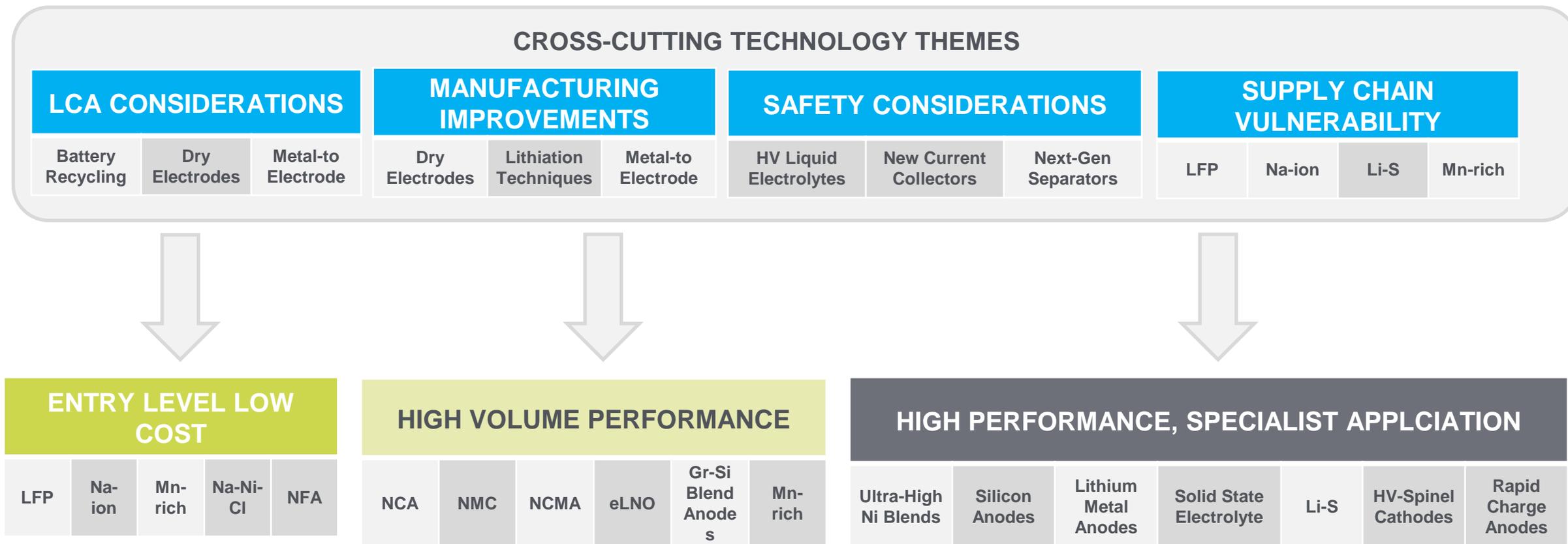
HIGH VOLUME PERFORMANCE

NCA	NMC	NCMA	eLNO	Gr-Si Blend Anodes	Mn-rich
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HIGH PERFORMANCE, SPECIALIST APPLICATION

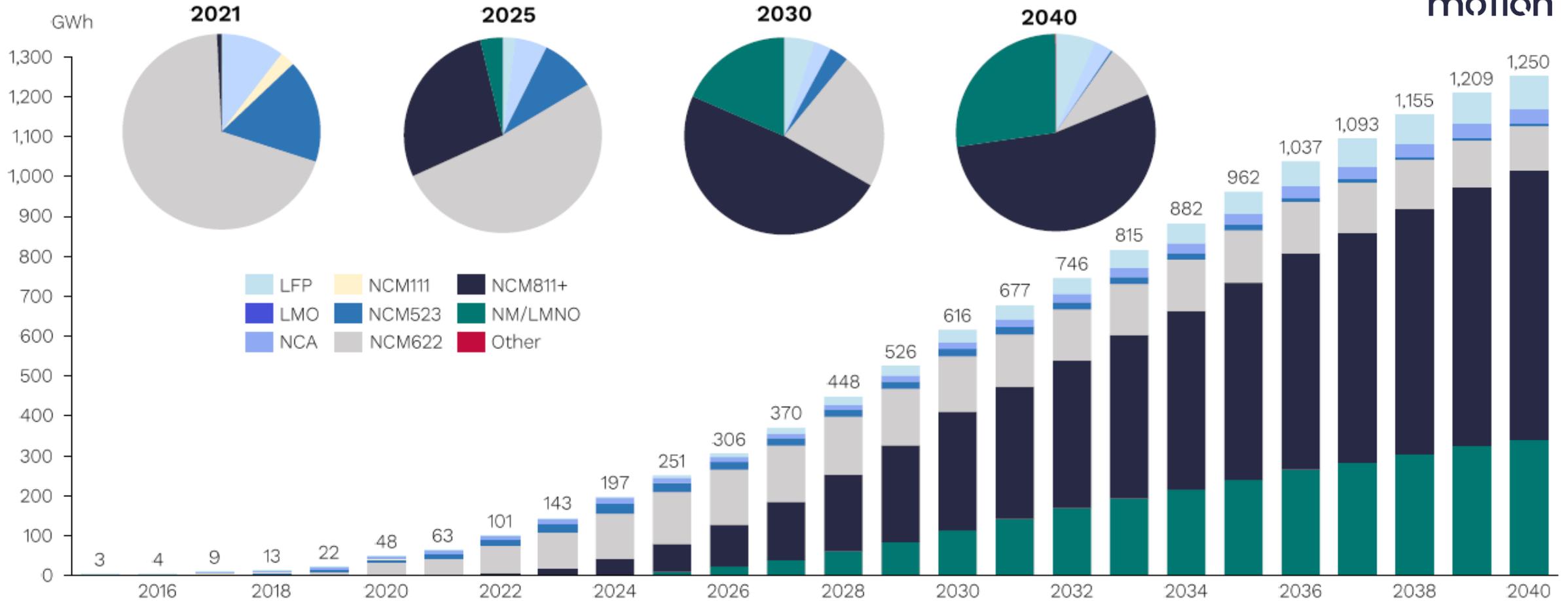
Ultra-High Ni Blends	Silicon Anodes	Lithium Metal Anodes	Solid State Electrolyte	Li-S	HV-Spinel Cathodes	Rapid Charge Anodes
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There are also **cross cutting technology themes** that affect all categories and are being pursued due to regulation or market dynamics



Nickel rich chemistries are predicted to be a large part of the European cathode market

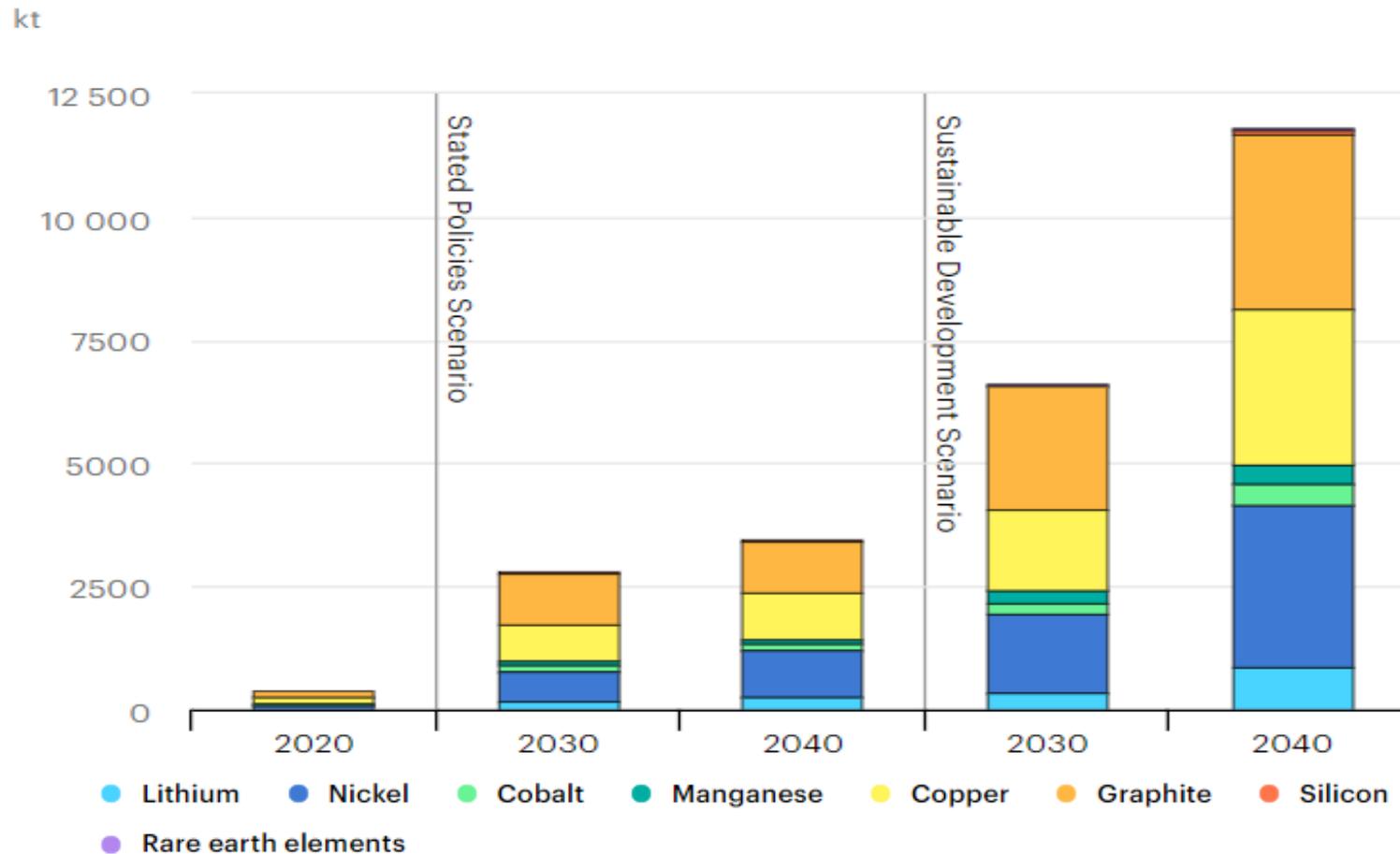
EU / EFTA / UK PC & LDV EV Cathode Outlook by Battery Chemistry



What does this mean for raw material demand / supply?

The International Energy Agency predict a massive spike in critical and rare materials as a result of burgeoning EV demand.

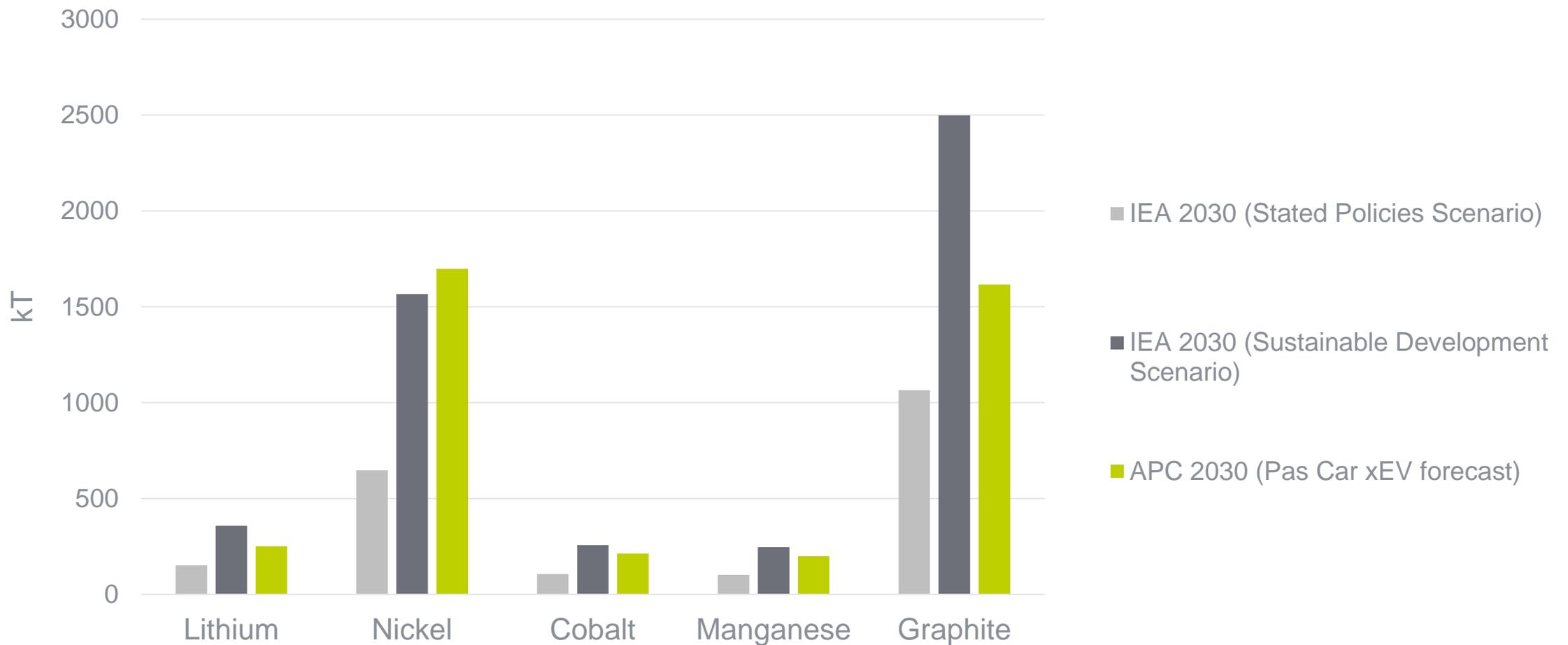
Mineral demand growth from new EV sales by scenario, 2040 compared to 2020



Source: [International Energy Agency](#), 2021.

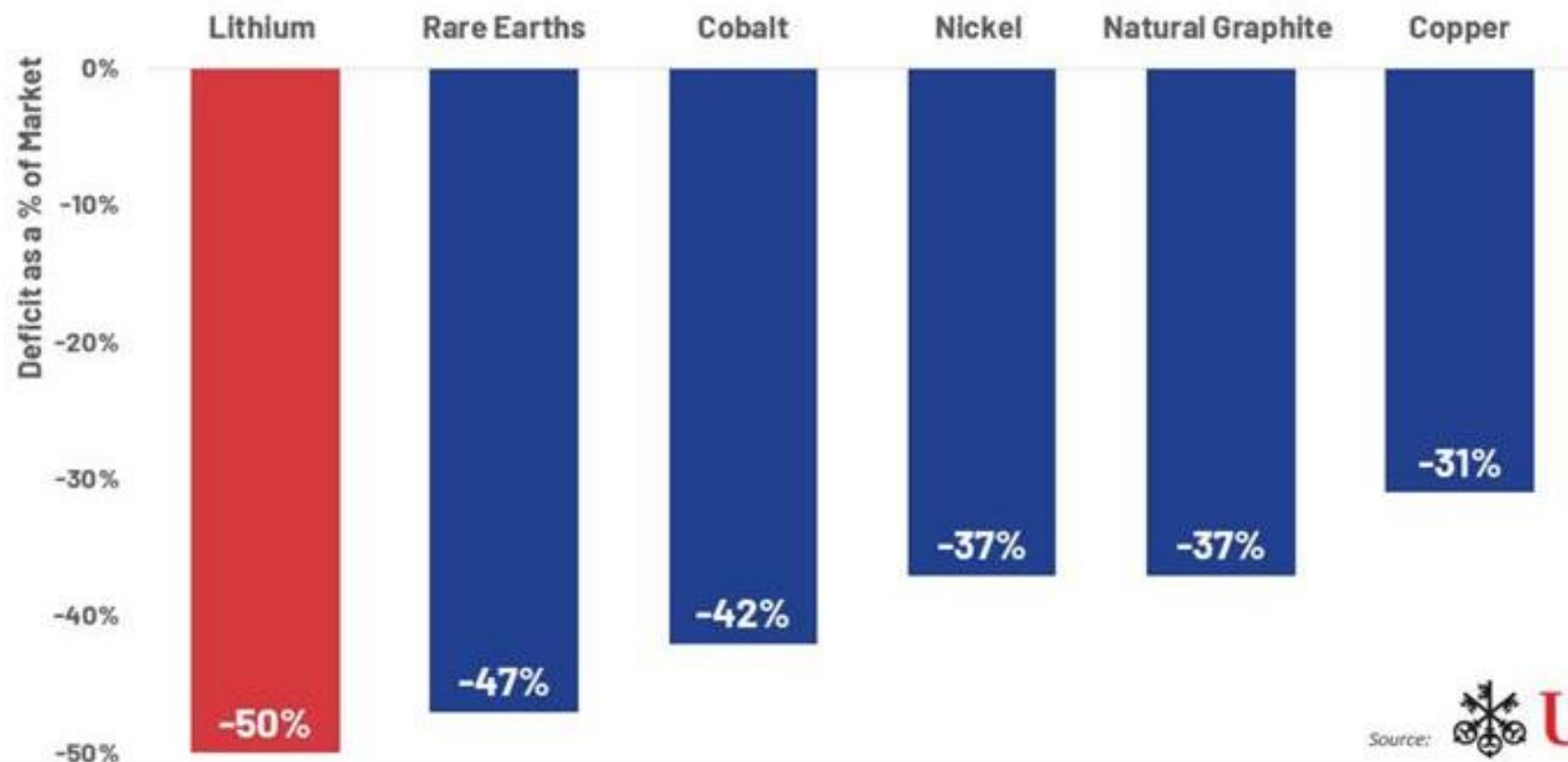
APC's own demand forecast align more closely with IEA's "Sustainable Development Scenario" than their Stated Policies Scenario

APC Global Forecast of Critical Materials from Pas-Car xEVs vs IEA Scenarios



Demand of xEV batteries and e-machines will outstrip supply in the next few years, so a coherent strategy is urgently required

2030 Battery Metals Balance Projections by UBS



Source:  UBS

Deficit emerges in **<3 years** **<1 year** **<2 years** **<1 year** **<3 years** **<3 years**

What does this mean for LCA?

The Advanced Propulsion Centre* launched the updated Automotive Council product & technology roadmaps, with a new fuel cell roadmap at LCV2020

Product Roadmaps



Light Duty
Vehicle <3.5t



Heavy Goods >3.5t &
Off-highway Vehicle



Bus & Coach

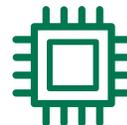
Technology Roadmaps



Electrical
Energy
Storage



Lightweight
Vehicle &
Powertrain
Structures



Power
Electronics



Fuel Cell



Electric
Machines



Thermal
Propulsion
Systems

* On behalf of the Automotive Council and with considerable support from BEIS



This roadmap represents a snapshot-in-time view of the global automotive industry propulsion technology forecast for mass market adoption. Specific application-tailored technologies will vary from region to region.



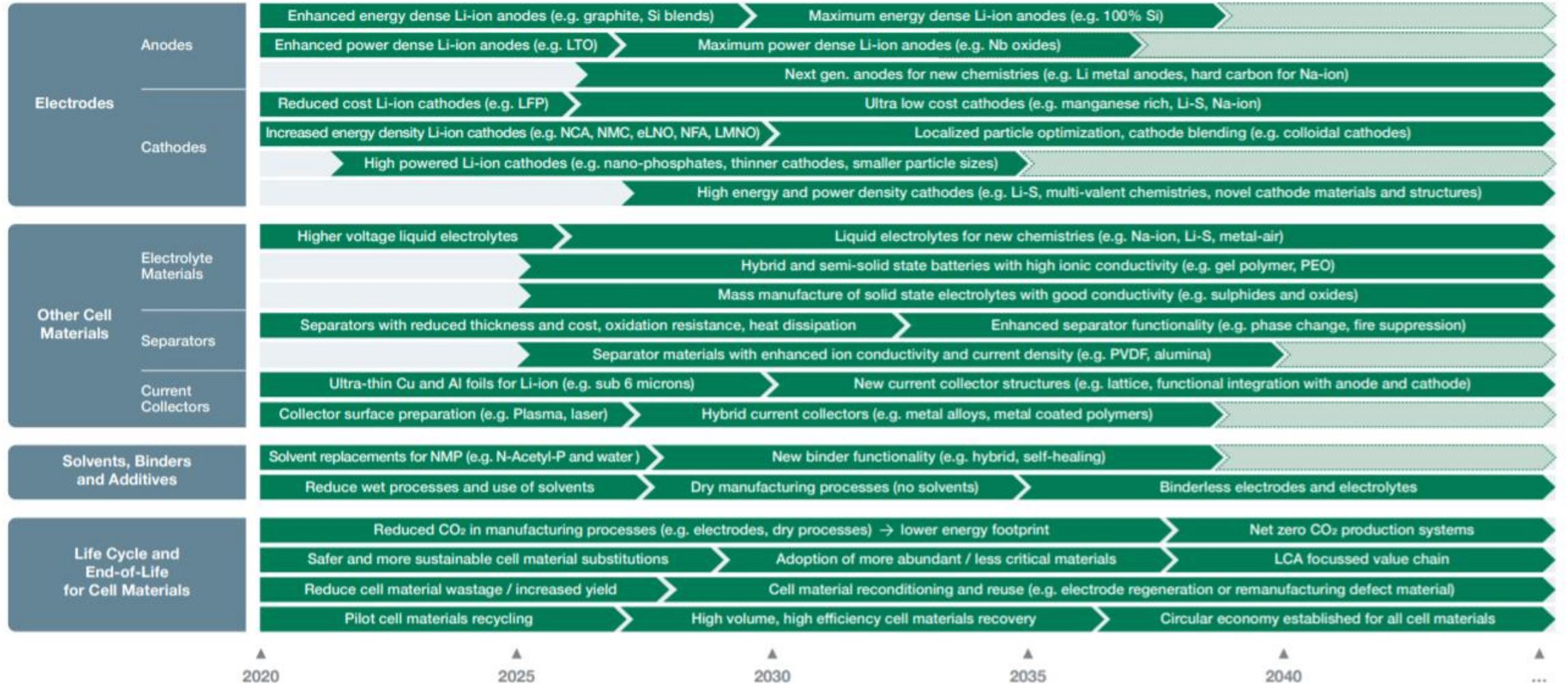
Dark bar:
Technology is in a mass market application. Significant innovation is expected in this time frame



Transition:
Transitions do not mean a phase out from market but a change of R&D emphasis



Dotted line bar:
Market Mature – technology has reached maturity. Likely to remain in mass market until it fades out where it's superseded





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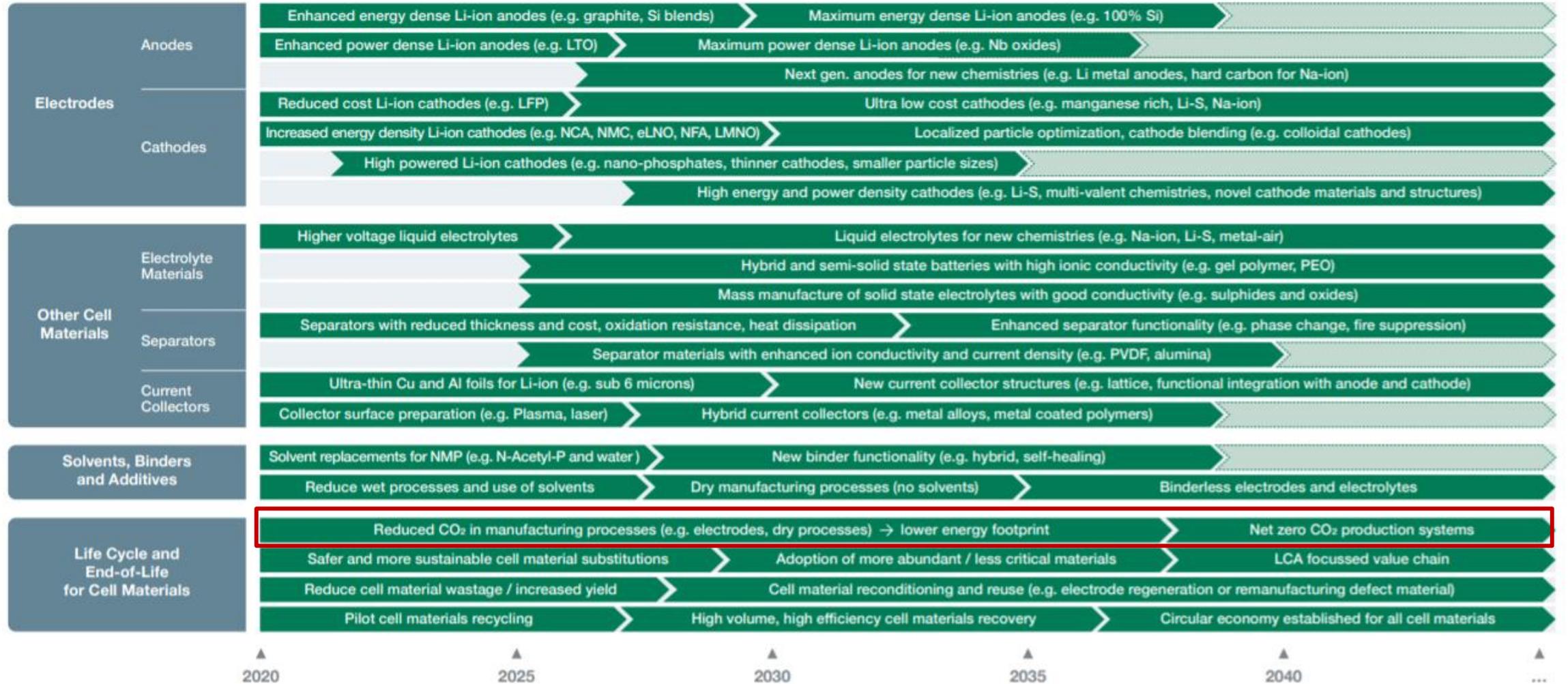
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OEMs are realizing that the most environmentally damaging elements of their supply chains are battery cell manufacturing and their raw materials

Volkswagen's delivery promise

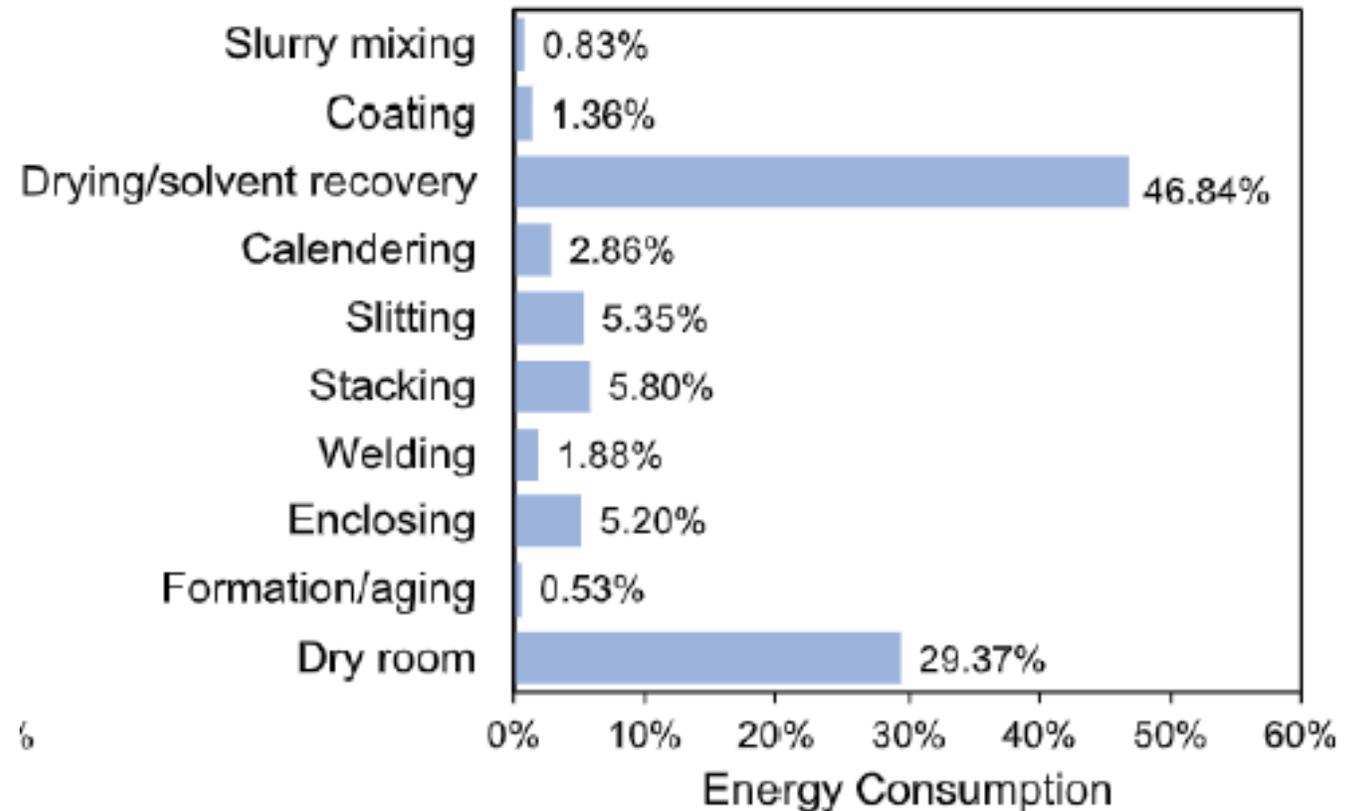
CO₂-neutral production incl. supply chain

Zero-emission vehicle

Vision

Sustainability as selection criteria on par with quality or price

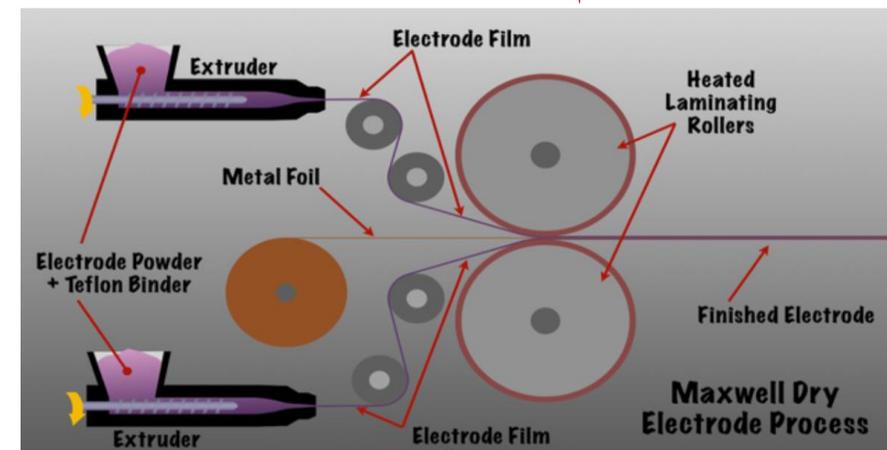
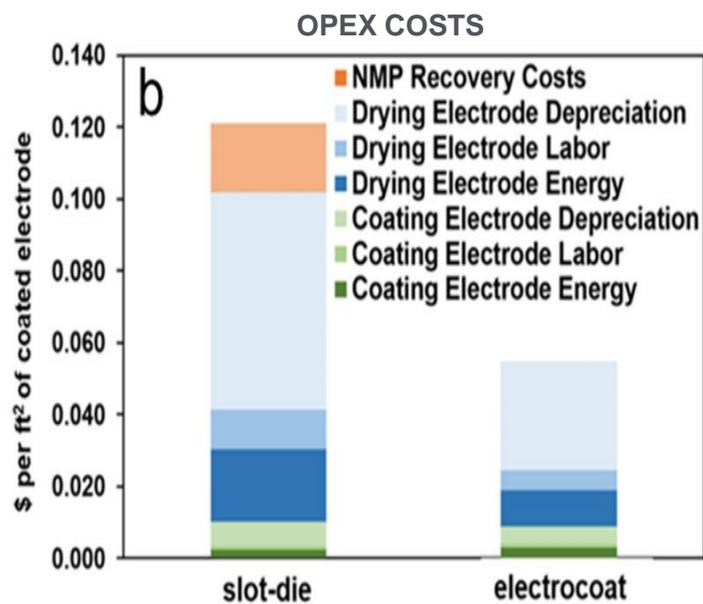
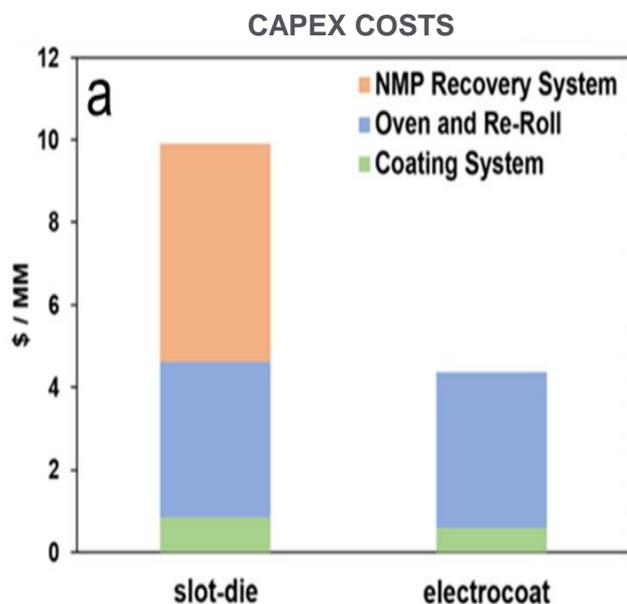
- Cathode production and sub-supply chain (raw material production) expected to be CO₂ hot-spot



Source: [Wang, et.al, 2021](#).

Dry electrode manufacturing is both environmentally friendlier, reduces cell manufacturing costs and is chemistry agnostic

Why Dry Electrodes: Dry electrode manufacturing reduces the cost of cell assembly OPEX and CAPEX. It does this through the removal of an expensive and toxic solvent NMP which needs to be vented and requires certification to use.



OTHER COMPANIES COMMITTED TO DRY ELECTRODES





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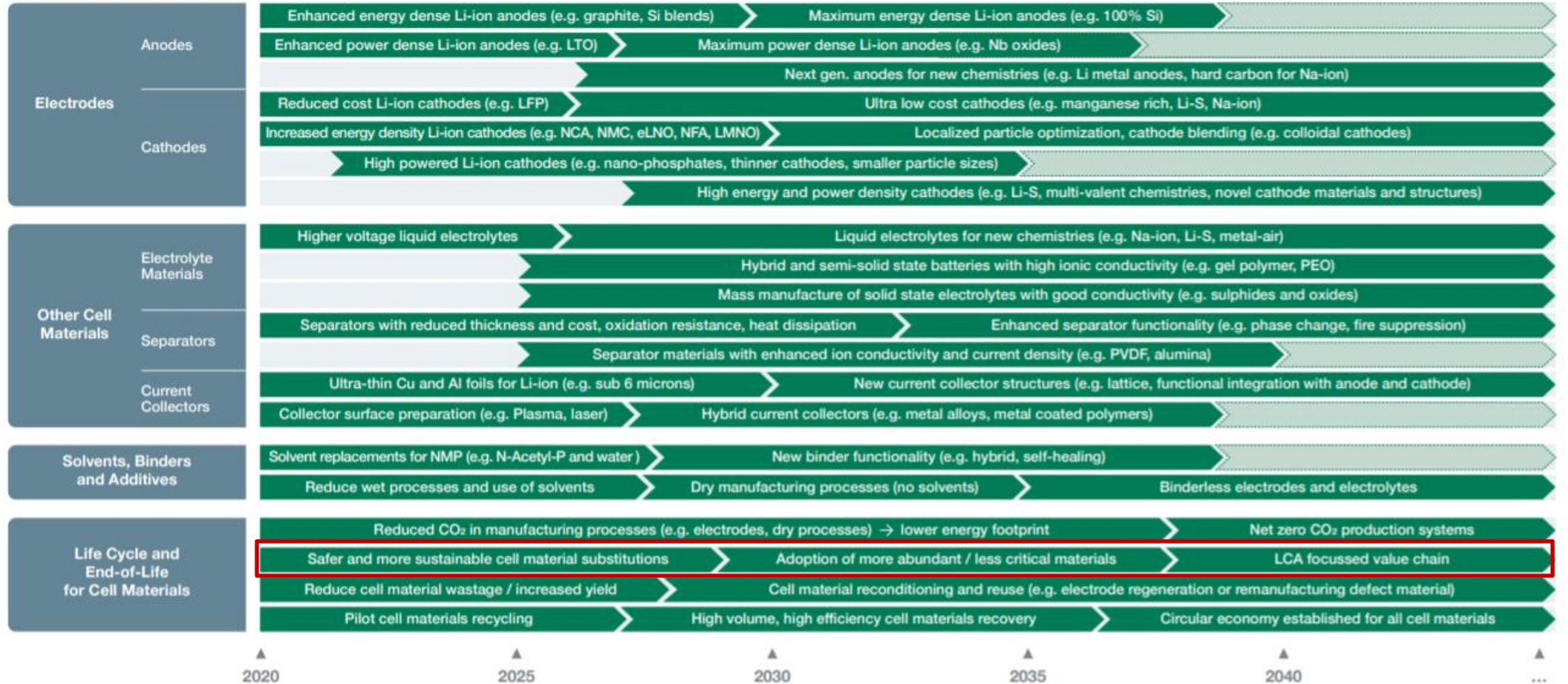
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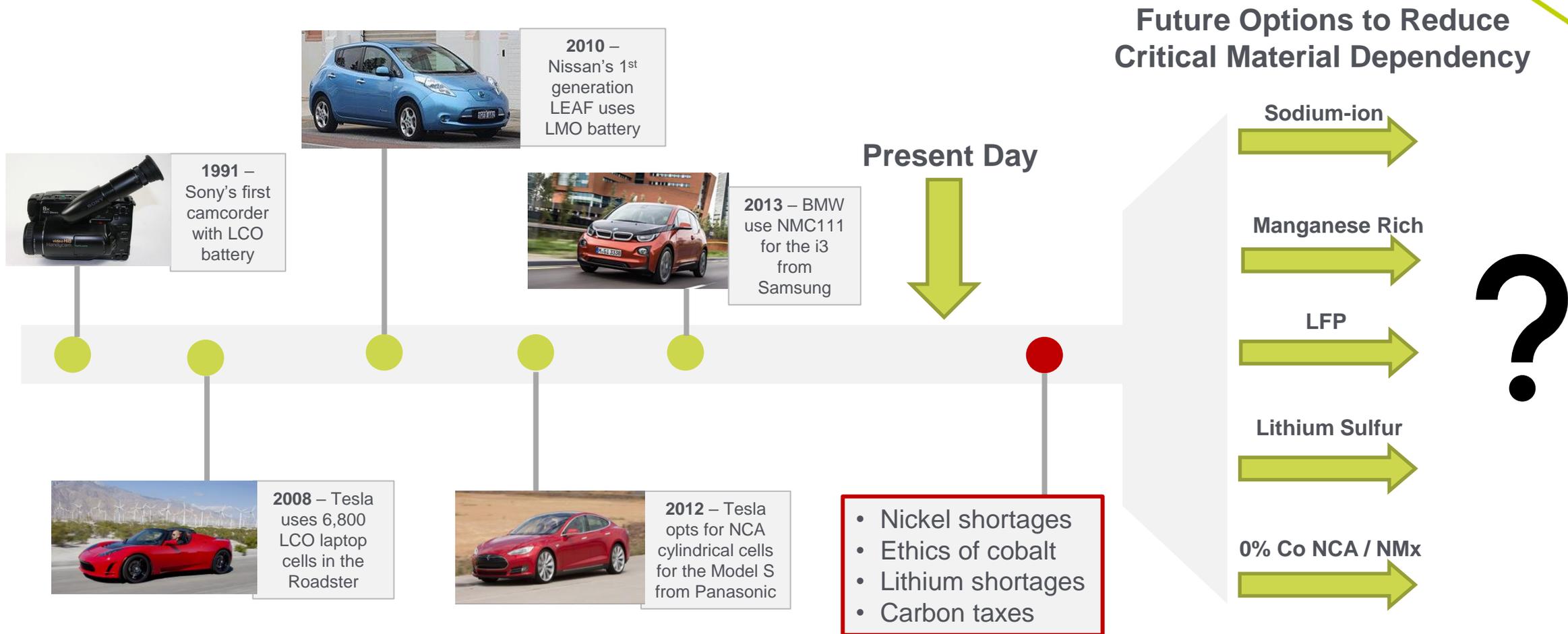
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Materials used to reduce costs and improve battery energy density are likely to expect shortages in the future, leading to a host of new options





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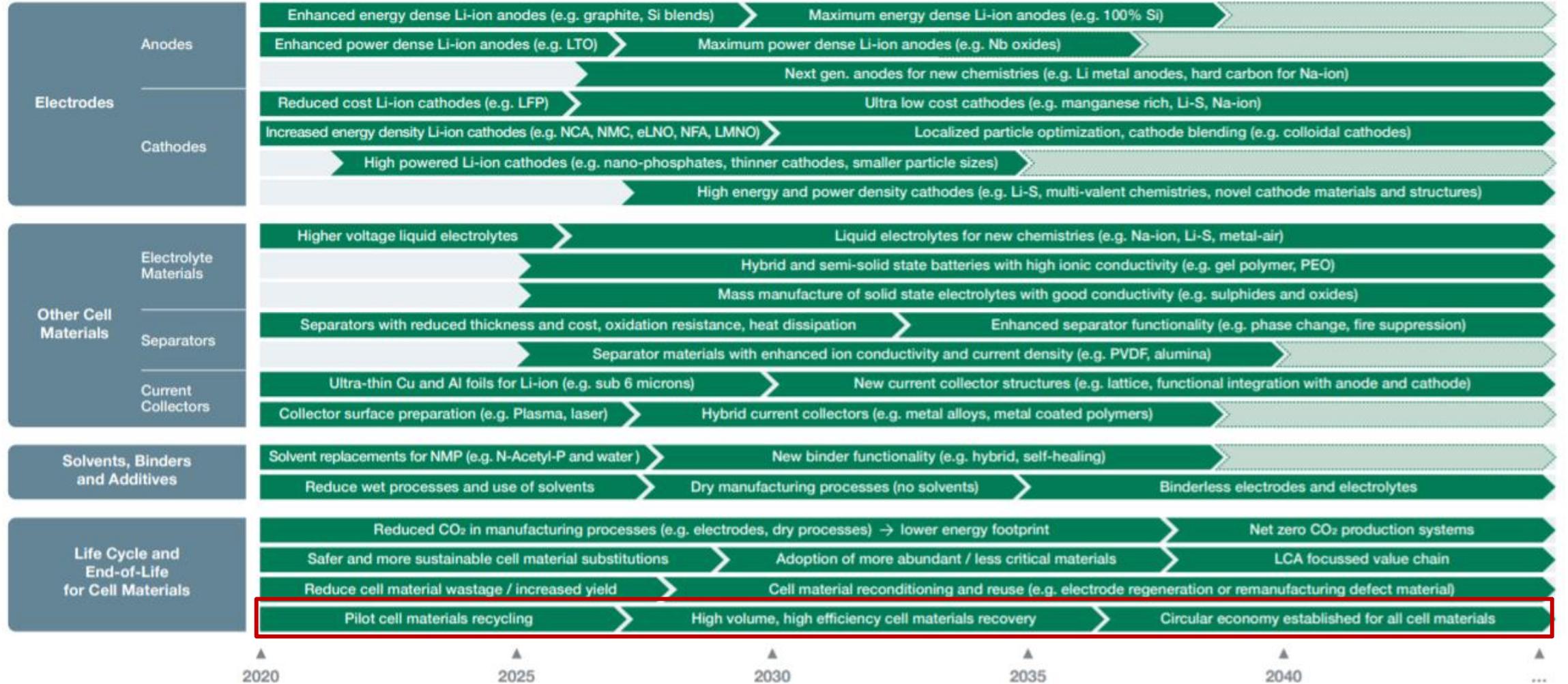
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EU EV Battery Directive – Executive Summary

On 10 December 2020, the European Commission published its [proposal](#) for a new **Sustainable Batteries Regulation** to ensure that all batteries placed on the EU market are **sustainable, circular and safe**.

Four main EV related themes

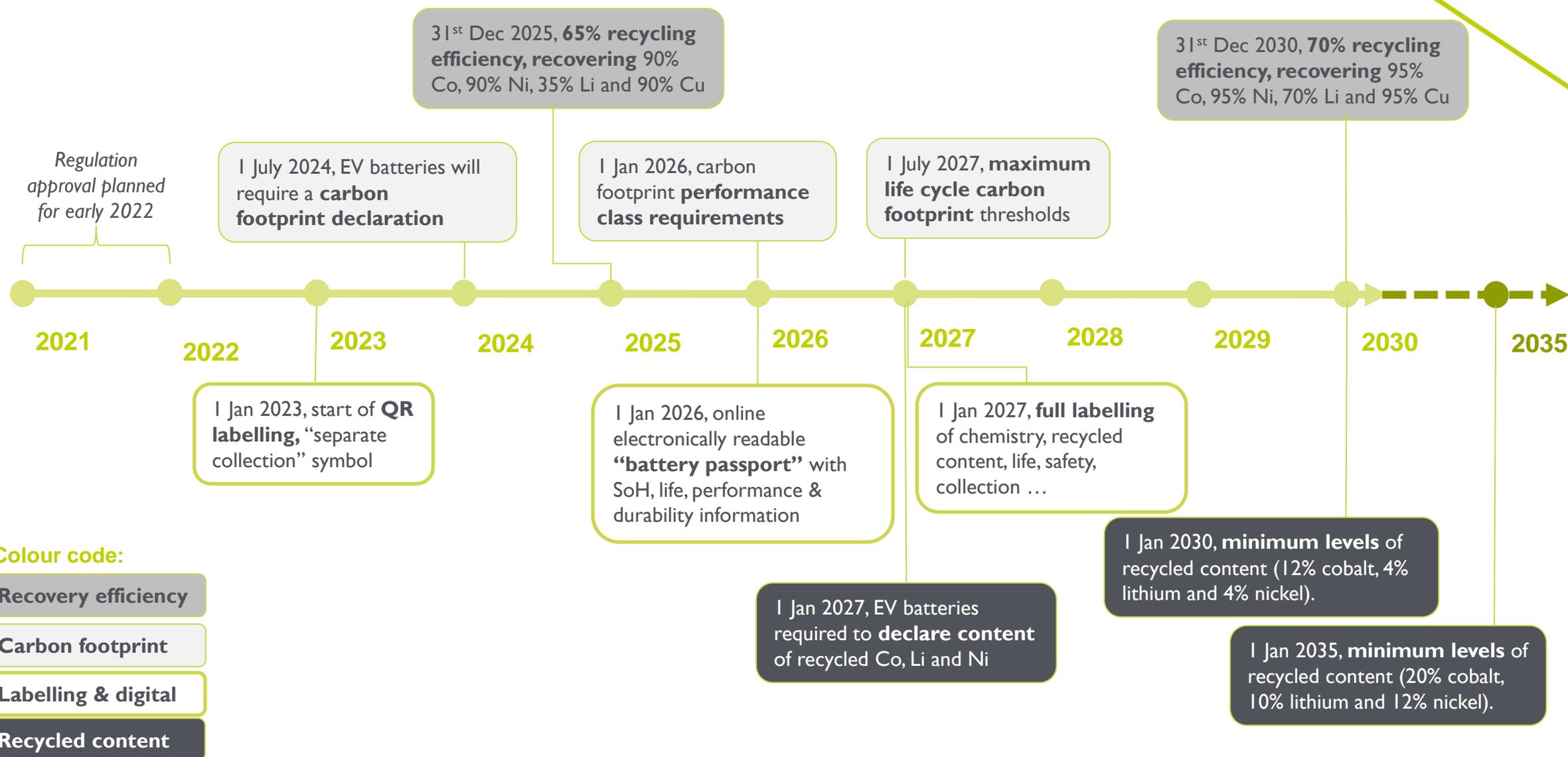
Recycling efficiency and recovery rates

Labelling requirements and digital data

Carbon footprint declaration

Minimum levels of recycled content required

Proposed EU EV battery regulation introduction timeline



Key takeaways



OEMs are **converging around 3 categories of batteries** to suit their future EV portfolios



Specific chemistry choices diverge between OEMs within those 3 categories



The burgeoning demand for nickel, lithium & graphite **embeds CO2 in the battery supply chain** as the extraction and refining of these materials are energy intensive



Refined battery materials and electrode manufacturing processes are the most energy intensive. Dry electrode manufacturing could drastically reduce energy consumption.



Battery chemistries like **LFP, sodium ion & manganese-rich** that use more abundant materials can lower costs and environmental impacts



Recycling batteries can reduce reliance on primary materials which reduces the environmental footprint while also lowering costs

Thank you for listening, we look forward to working with you ...

Get in touch if you'd like to know more about the roadmaps, our supply chain analysis or trends insight



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